

ಅಭ್ಯಾಸ 13.3(ತರಗತಿ 8 ರಿಂದ)

13.3.1. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಭಾಗಕಾರಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿ:

$$(i) 28x^4 \div 56x$$

$$= \frac{28 * x * x * x * x}{28 * 2 * x}$$

$$= \frac{x * x * x}{2}$$

$$= \frac{x^3}{2}$$

$$(ii) -36y^3 \div 9y^2$$

$$= \frac{-9 * 4 * y * y * y}{9 * y * y}$$

$$= -4y$$

$$(iii) 66pq^2r^3 \div 11qr^2$$

$$= \frac{11 * 6 * p * q * q * r * r * r}{11 * q * r * r}$$

$$= 6pqr$$

$$(iv) 34x^3y^3z^3 \div 51xy^2z^3$$

$$= \frac{17 * 2 * x * x * x * y * y * y * z * z * z}{17 * 3 * x * y * y * z * z * z}$$

$$= \frac{2 * x * x * y}{3}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}x^2y$$

$$(v) 12a^8b^8 \div (-6a^6b^4)$$

$$= \frac{6 * 2 * (a * a * a * a * a * a * a * a) * (b * b * b * b * b * b * b)}{-6(a * a * a * a * a * a) * (b * b * b * b)}$$

$$= -\frac{2 * a * a * b * b * b * b}{1}$$

$$= 2a^2b^4$$

13.3.2. આ કેળવિન બહુપદોએકીગળન્નુ કોણીરૂપ એવા એકીમીંડ ભાગિસો.

$$(i) (5x^2 - 6x) \div 3x$$

$$= \frac{5x^2}{3x} - \frac{6x}{3x}$$

$$= \frac{5}{3}x - 2$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}(5x - 6)$$

$$(ii) (3y^8 - 4y^6 + 5y^4) \div y^4$$

$$= \frac{3y^8}{y^4} - \frac{4y^6}{y^4} + \frac{5y^4}{y^4}$$

$$= 3y^4 - 4y^2 + 5$$

$$(iii) 8(x^3y^2z^2 + x^2y^3z^2 + x^2y^2z^3) \div 4x^2y^2z^2$$

$$= \frac{8x^3y^2z^2}{4x^2y^2z^2} + \frac{8x^2y^3z^2}{4x^2y^2z^2} + \frac{8x^2y^2z^3}{4x^2y^2z^2}$$

$$= 2x + 2y + 2z$$

$$= 2(x + y + z)$$

$$(iv) (x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x) \div 2x$$

$$= x(x^2 + 2x + 3) \div 2x$$

$$= \frac{x(x^2 + 2x + 3)}{2x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + 2x + 3)$$

$$(v) (p^3q^6 - p^6q^3) \div p^3q^3$$

$$= \frac{p^3q^3(q^3 - p^3)}{p^3q^3}$$

$$= q^3 - p^3$$

13.3.3. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಭಾಗಾರ್ಥಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿ.

$$(i) (10x - 25) \div 5$$

$$= \frac{5(2x - 5)}{5}$$

$$= 2x - 5$$

$$(ii) (10x - 25) \div (2x - 5)$$

$$= \frac{5(2x - 5)}{(2x - 5)}$$

$$= 5$$

$$(iii) 10y(6y + 21) \div 5(2y + 7)$$

$$= \frac{5 * 2y * 3(2y + 7)}{5(2y + 7)}$$

$$= 6y$$

$$(iv) 9x^2y^2(3z - 24) \div 27xy(z - 8)$$

$$= \frac{9 * x^2 * y^2 * 3(z - 8)}{9 * 3xy(z - 8)}$$

$$= xy$$

$$(v) 96abc(3a - 12)(5b - 30) \div 144(a - 4)(b - 6)$$

$$= \frac{12 * 2 * 4abc * 3(a - 4) * 5(b - 6)}{12 * 12 * (a - 4)(b - 6)}$$

$$= 10abc$$

13.3.4. କେଳଗେ ତିଳେସିରୁବନ୍ତେ ଭାଗିନୀ.

$$(i) 5(2x+1)(3x+5) \div (2x+1)$$

$$= \frac{5(2x+1)(3x+5)}{(2x+1)}$$

$$= 5(3x+5)$$

$$(ii) 26xy(x+5)(y-4) \div 13x(y-4)$$

$$= \frac{2 * 13xy(x+5)(y-4)}{13x(y-4)}$$

$$= 2y(x+5)$$

$$(iii) 52pqr(p+q)(q+r)(r+p) \div 104pq(q+r)(r+p)$$

$$= \frac{52pqr(p+q)(q+r)(r+p)}{2 * 52pq(q+r)(r+p)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} r(p+q)$$

$$(iv) 20(y+4)(y^2+5y+3) \div 5(y+4)$$

$$= 4 * 5(y+4)(y^2+5y+3) \div 5(y+4)$$

$$= 4(y^2+5y+3)$$

$$(v) x(x+1)(x+2)(x+3) \div x(x+1)$$

$$= (x+2)(x+3)$$

13.3.5. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಬೀಜೋಲ್ತಿಗಳನ್ನು ಅಪವರ್ತಿಸಿ ನಂತರ ಸೂಚಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಭಾಗಿಸಿ.

ಬೀಜೋಲ್ತಿ	ಅಂಶವನ್ನು ಅಪವರ್ತಿಸಿದಾಗ	ಅಂಶ ಮತ್ತು ಫೇದಗಳಲ್ಲಿನ ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಪದಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಡಿದು ಹಾಕಿದಾಗ
(i) $(y^2 + 7y + 10) \div (y+5)$	$ \begin{aligned} & (y^2 + 7y + 10) \\ &= y^2 + 2y + 5y + 10 \\ &= y(y+2) + 5(y+2) \\ &= (y+2)(y+5) \end{aligned} $	$= (y+2)$
(ii) $(m^2 - 14m - 32) \div (m+2)$	$ \begin{aligned} & (m^2 - 14m - 32) \\ &= m^2 - 16m + 2m - 32 \\ &= m(m-16) + 2(m-16) \\ &= (m-16)(m+2) \end{aligned} $	$= (m-16)$
(iii) $(5p^2 - 25p + 20) \div (p-1)$	$ \begin{aligned} & (5p^2 - 25p + 20) \\ &= 5\{ p^2 - 5p + 4 \} \\ &= 5\{ p^2 - p - 4p + 4 \} \\ &= 5\{ p(p-1) - 4(p-1) \} \\ &= 5 * (p-1)(p-4) \end{aligned} $	$= 5(p-4)$
(iv) $4yz(z^2 + 6z - 16) \div 2y(z+8)$	$ \begin{aligned} & 4yz(z^2 + 6z - 16) \\ &= 4yz\{ z^2 + 8z - 2z - 16 \} \\ &= 4yz\{ z(z+8) - 2(z+8) \} \\ &= 4yz\{ (z+8)(z-2) \} \\ &= 4yz(z+8)(z-2) \end{aligned} $	$= 2z(z-2)$
(v) $5pq(p^2 - q^2) \div 2p(p+q)$	$ \begin{aligned} & 5pq(p^2 - q^2) \\ &= 5pq(p+q)(p-q) \end{aligned} $	$= \frac{5}{2}q(p-q)$
(vi) $12xy(9x^2 - 16y^2) \div 4xy(3x+4y)$	$ \begin{aligned} & 12xy(9x^2 - 16y^2) \\ &= 12xy\{ (3x)^2 - (4y)^2 \} \\ &= 12xy\{ (3x+4y)(3x-4y) \} \\ &= 12xy(3x+4y)(3x-4y) \end{aligned} $	$= 3(3x-4y)$
(vii) $39y^3(50y^2 - 98) \div 26y^2(5y+7)$	$ \begin{aligned} & 39y^3(50y^2 - 98) \\ &= 39y^3 * 2 * \{ (25y^2 - 49) \} \\ &= 78y^3\{ (5y)^2 - (7)^2 \} \\ &= 78y^3\{ (5y+7)(5y-7) \} \\ &= 78y^3(5y+7)(5y-7) \end{aligned} $	$= 3y(5y-7)$